# LECTURE 6 OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING

#### SUBCLASSES AND INHERITANCE II

MCS 275 Spring 2022 Emily Dumas

#### LECTURE 6: SUBCLASSES AND INHERITANCE II

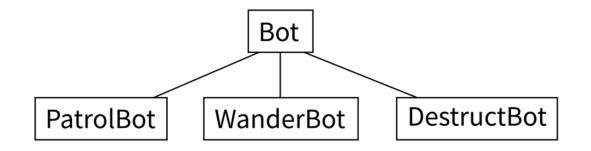
Course bulletins:

- Homework 2 is due at Noon tomorrow (Tue Jan 26).
- Project 1 will be posted today, due Fri 4 Feb at 6pm.
- Wear a well-fitting mask completely covering nose and mouth when in classroom.

# PLAN

Finish our robot simulation class hierarchy Discuss more OOP theory & practice

#### PLANNED BOT HIERARCHY



- PatrolBot walks back and forth.
- WanderBot walks about randomly.
- DestructBot sits in one place for a while and then self-destructs.

## **CLASS ATTRIBUTES**

- Attributes declared in the class definition, outside of any method, are **class attributes**.
- Class attributes are shared by every instance of the class. Often used for constants.
- Contrast with the instance attributes we have used thus far (e.g. self.x = 1 in constructor) which exist separately for each instance.

## FOUR PILLARS OF OOP

- Encapsulation Classes manage their own private, internal state.
- Abstraction Method calls express intent (independent of implementation).
- Inheritance Distinct classes can share behavior.
- **Polymorphism** Code using a class will also work on its subclasses.

#### **EXTENDING THE SIMULATION**

Beyond adding more robot types, how might me improve or extend the simulation?

## **EXTENDING THE SIMULATION**

Might create a class Arena that manages the list of bots and the space in which they move. Would have a single .update() method that updates all bots.

Each bot would know what Arena it is in, and could call methods of Arena to interrogate surroundings (e.g. avoid collision, seek other bots, ...)

#### REFERENCES

- I discussed inheritance in MCS 260 Fall 2021 Lecture 27
- See Lutz, Chapter 31 for more discussion of inheritance.
- Lutz, Chapters 26-32 discuss object-oriented programming.

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

• 2022-01-24 Initial publication