LECTURE 41

BEAUTIFUL SOUP

MCS 275 Spring 2022 Emily Dumas

LECTURE 41: BEAUTIFUL SOUP

Course bulletins:

- Please complete your course evaluations.
- Project 4 is due 6pm 29 April (one week from today)
- Remember to install beautifulsoup 4 with

```
python3 -m pip install beautifulsoup4
```

so you'll be ready for Worksheet 15!

HOMEWORK 14

- Available now. Due Tuesday at Noon. It's the last homework.
- Due to no labs this week, the homework is scaled back. No requirement to write new code.
- All you need to do is submit a screenshot showing you can run a Flask+SQLite application on your computer.
- See the assignment itself for details. Contact me if you need help.

BS4 BASICS

```
soup = bs4.BeautifulSoup(fp_or_str, "html.parser") # parse!
str(soup) # the HTML
soup.prettify() # prettier HTML
soup.title # first (and only) title tag
soup.p # first p tag
soup.find("p") # first p tag (alternative)
soup.p.em # first em tag within the first p tag
soup.find_all("a") # list of all a tags
```

WORKING WITH TAGS

```
str(tag) # HTML for this tag and everything inside it
tag.name # name of the tag, e.g. "a" or "ul"
tag.attrs # dict of tag's attributes
tag["href"] # get a single attribute
tag.text # All the text nodes inside tag, concatenated
tag.string # If tag has only text inside it, returns that text
tag.parent # enclosing tag
tag.contents # list of the children of this tag
tag.children # iterable of children of this tag
tag.banana # first descendant banana tag (sub actual tag name!)
tag.find(...) # first descendant meeting criteria
tag.find all(...) # descendants meeting criteria
tag.find next sibling(...) # next sibling tag meeting criteria
```

SEARCHING

Arguments supported by all the find* methods:

```
tag.find_all(True) # all descendants
tag.find_all("tagname") # descendants by tag name
tag.find_all(href="https://example.com/") # by attribute
tag.find_all(class_="post") # by class
tag.find_all(re.compile("^fig")) # tag name regex match
tag.find_all("a",limit=15) # first 15 a tags
tag.find_all("a",recursive=False) # all a *children*
```

Also work with find(), find_next_sibling(), ...

SIMULATING CSS

soup.select(SELECTOR) returns a list of tags that match a CSS selector, e.g.

```
soup.select(".wide") # all tags of class "wide"

# ul tags within divs of class messagebox
soup.select("div.messagebox ul")
```

There are many CSS selectors and functions we haven't discussed, so this gives a powerful alternative search syntax.

```
# all third elements of unordered lists
soup.select("ul > li:nth-of-type(3)")
```

The CSS selector examples here were based on those in the Beautiful Soup documentation.

SKETCH OF A SCRAPER

```
from urllib.request import urlopen
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import csv
with urlopen("https://space.wasps/sol-system/") as fobj:
    soup = BeautifulSoup(fobj, "html.parser")
# find the div we care about
plansdiv = soup.find("div",id="secret plans")
with open ("plan links.csv") as outfile:
    writer = csv.writer(outfile)
    writer.writerow(["dest","linktext"])
    for anchor in plansdiv.find all("a"):
        writer.writerow([anchor["href"], anchor.text])
```

EXAMPLE SCRAPER

The math department posts a list of upcoming graduate courses at:

https://mscs.uic.edu/graduate/current-students/advising-and-registration/graduate-courses/

Let's write a scraper to convert the Fall 2022 data to a CSV file.

HTML table tag represents a table made up of rectangular cells arranged in aligned rows and columns.

Name	Vertices	Edes	Faces
Cube	8	12	6
Octahudron	6	12	8
:	:	; ;	;
	\		\

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Name	Vertices	Edes	Faces
Cube	8	12	6
Octahedron	6	12	8
:		; ;	÷

HTML table tag represents a table made up of rectangular cells arranged in aligned rows and columns.

Name	Vertices	Edes	Faces
Cube	B	12	6
Octahedron	6	12	8
:	:	;	;
	,		

```
(table)
 <4>>
    Name (1th)
    > Vertices < 14h >
 (H)
 <+->
   Cube 
   <+d>> 8</+d>
 </4>
```

HTML TABLE TAGS

- table entire table
- tr row (inside a table)
- td data cell (inside a row)
- th header cell (inside a row)

SCRAPER TIPS

- Develop using a local snapshot of the HTML
- Avoid complicated transformaiton; try to faithfully extract the data into a structured format
- Be mindful of maintenance cost (e.g. time); keeping a scraper working as a site that changes over time is difficult. Does size/value of data justify it? [1, 2]
- Try to minimize dependence on markup details that seem most likely to change

REFERENCES

- urllib documentation
- The Beautiful Soup documentation is beautifully clear.

REVISION HISTORY

• 2022-04-22 Initial publication

