

LECTURE 23

CSV AND JSON

MCS 275 Spring 2021

Emily Dumas

LECTURE 23: CSV AND JSON

Course bulletins:

- Worksheet solutions coming soon.
- Project 3 pitch in Monday's lecture.

NOTEBOOK

The (small) notebook of sample code from this lecture is [here](#).

INSTALL PILLOW

Next week: Manipulating images with the Python package *Pillow*. To prepare, please

```
python3 -m pip install pillow
```

Or substitute the correct interpreter name for your platform.

If you have trouble, check the [install instructions](#) and let us know if you don't find a solution there.

MODULES

Python has a number of built-in modules to support reading and writing special file formats. We'll cover two of these today:

- `csv` for Comma Separated Value files
- `json` for Javascript Object Notation files

CSV

Text-based format for tabular data. Fundamentally based on rows and columns.

Used for exchanging data with spreadsheet and database programs.

Untyped. Up to reader to figure out string/float/int/etc.

District	Fin-Sub	Chrgbl	Fin No	PO Name	Unit Name	Property Address	County
Greater Boston	431120-G01	431120	BARRINGTON	MAIN OFFICE	200 MIDDLE HWY	BI	
Greater Boston	432360-G01	432360	COVENTRY	MAIN OFFICE	1550 NOOSENECK HILL		
Greater Boston	434480-G01	434480	HARRISVILLE	MAIN OFFICE	131 HARRISVILLE		
Greater Boston	436020-G01	436020	NEWPORT	MAIN OFFICE	320 THAMES ST STE 1		
Greater Boston	436090-G02	436090	NORTH KINGSTOWN	MAIN OFFICE	7715 POST RD		
Greater Boston	436580-G02	436580	PASCOAG	MAIN OFFICE	35 BRIDGE WAY	PROVI	
Greater Boston	436723-G01	436723	PAWTUCKET	CUMBERLAND BR.	2055 DIAMOND H		
Greater Boston	436720-G03	436720	PAWTUCKET	DARLINGTON	30 MONTICELLO RD	PA	
Greater Boston	436720-G01	436720	PAWTUCKET	MAIN OFFICE	40 MONTGOMERY ST	PA	
Greater Boston	436720-G01	436720	PAWTUCKET	MAIN OFFICE	40 MONTGOMERY ST	PA	
Greater Boston	436860-G01	436860	PORTSMOUTH	MAIN OFFICE	95 CHASE RD	NEWPO	
Greater Boston	437140-G07	437140	PROVIDENCE	CORLISS PK. STA & VMF	55 CORLISS ST	PRO	
Greater Boston	437140-G07	437140	PROVIDENCE	CORLISS PK. STA & VMF	55 CORLISS ST	PRO	
Greater Boston	437178-G01	437178	PROVIDENCE	EAST PROVIDENCE BR.	17 GROVE ST	PRO	
Greater Boston	437166-G01	437166	PROVIDENCE	JOHNSTON BRANCH	1530 ATWOOD ST	PRO	
Greater Boston	437170-G01	437170	PROVIDENCE	OLNEYVILLE STA	100 HARTFORD ST	PRO	
Greater Boston	437141-G08	437141	PROVIDENCE	P&DC	24 CORLISS ST RM 100	PRO	
Greater Boston	437141-G08	437141	PROVIDENCE	P&DC	24 CORLISS ST RM 100	PRO	
Greater Boston	437141-G08	437141	PROVIDENCE	P&DC	24 CORLISS ST RM 100	PRO	
Greater Boston	438260-G07	438260	WAKEFIELD	MAIN OFFICE	551 KINGSTOWN RD	WAKE	
Greater Boston	438260-G01	438260	WAKEFIELD	NARRAGANSETT BR.	15 MEMORIAL ST	WAKE	
Greater Boston	438540-G01	438540	WARREN	MAIN OFFICE	53 CHILD ST	BRISTOL	

KEY CSV FEATURES

- May or may not have header row
- Quotes used around field values that may contain commas.

READING CSV

```
rdr = csv.reader(fobj)
for row in rdr: # reader objects are iterable
    print("First column of this row:", row[0])
    print("Second column of this row:", row[1])
```

Note: Should always pass `newline=""` to `open()` when opening to read/write CSV.

READING CSV

```
rdr = csv.DictReader(fobj) # file MUST have header row
for row in rdr: # rows will be dicts
    print(row["name"])
    print(row["project2_score"])
```

Note: Should always pass `newline=""` to `open()` when opening to read/write CSV.

WRITING CSV

```
w = csv.writer(fobj)
# Write a header row
w.writerow(["course", "instructor"])
# Write data rows
w.writerow(["MCS 260", "Dumas"])
w.writerow(["MCS 275", "Dumas"])
```

Disadvantage: Easy to get the order of columns wrong, or make index mistakes.

WRITING CSV

```
# Set the column order
w = csv.DictWriter(fobj, fieldnames=["course", "instructor"])
# Write the header row
w.writeheader()
# Write data rows
w.writerow({"instructor": "Dumas", "course": "MATH 445"})
w.writerow({"course": "MCS 481"})
```

More verbose code, but easier to read and maintain.
Data order need not match column order. Missing keys handled gracefully.

JSON

JSON stands for **JavaScript object notation**. It is a text-based format for hierarchical data. Has types:

- **string** – must use double quotes.
- **number** – float, int, other? Up to reader.
- **boolean** – lower case names `true`, `false`.
- **null** – like Python `None`.
- **array** – like Python `list`. Brackets and commas.
- **object** – like Python `dict`. Curly braces, colons, and commas. Keys must be strings.

```
{
  "date": "2020-08-31T16:29:04.122000",
  "id": "LANDSAT/LC08/C01/T1_SR/LC08_022031_20200831",
  "resource": {
    "dataset": "LANDSAT/LC08/C01/T1_SR",
    "planet": "earth"
  },
  "service_version": "v5000",
  "url": "https://earthengine.googleapis.com/v1alpha/projects/e
}
```

Source: NASA

KEY JSON FEATURES

- Does not require data to be tabular.
- Has excellent standardization and cross-language support.
- Most HTTP APIs (e.g. data portals) return JSON.
- Semi-readable for humans.

READING JSON

```
val = json.load(fobj) # read from file  
val = json.loads(s)   # read from string
```

The object returned can be hard to use if you don't have documentation for the layout of the file. But since it has keys and values, it is at least explorable.

WRITING JSON

```
val = { "date": "yesterday",  
        "primes": [2,3,5,7,11],  
        "awesome": True  
      }  
json.dump(val, fobj) # save exactly one object to file  
s = json.dumps(val) # make JSON string
```

Conversion table for Python → JSON

- `dict` → `object`
- `list` **or** `tuple` → `array`
- `int` **or** `float` → `number`
- `bool` → `boolean`
- `None` → `null`

REFERENCES

- MCS 260 Fall 2020:
 - [Lecture 30: CSV](#)
 - [Lecture 31: JSON](#)
- [csv module documentation](#)
- [json module documentation](#)
- [Awesome JSON data sets](#)

REVISION HISTORY

- 2021-03-11 Notebook link
- 2021-03-05 Initial publication

