# LECTURE 19

## THE OS MODULE

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#### REMINDERS

- Project 2 due Friday at 6:00pm central
- Worksheet 7 available
- Thursday lab students: attempt problem 1

#### **CURRENT WORKING DIRECTORY**

- The OS keeps track of a current working directory (CWD) for every program.
- The terminal usually shows the CWD in the prompt.
- When you run a program in the terminal, it inherits the terminal's CWD.
- open ("foo.txt", "r") looks for foo.txt in the CWD.

#### CWD RECOMMENDATION

Always run your Python scripts from the terminal, first changing directory to the one containing the script.

Running a script when your terminal is in a different directory can have confusing results.

## . AND ..

Context-dependent special directory names:

- . refers to the current directory
- . . refers to the parent directory

### THE OS MODULE

import os

gives your program access to lots of functions that ask the operating system to do things.

Today we focus on the **filesystem** operations in this module.

#### SHELL COMMANDS

- pwd print working directory
- cd change working directory
- ls list files in a directory
- rm remove a file
- mkdir create a directory
- rmdir remove a directory
- cat display file contents

#### OS MODULE FUNCTIONS

- os.getcwd() get current working directory
- os.chdir(x) change working directory to x
- os.listdir(x) get list of files in dir x
- os.remove(fn) delete a file (skip recycling bin)
- os.mkdir(x) create directory x
- os.rmdir(x) remove directory x (must be empty)

#### OS MODULE FUNCTIONS

- os.path.join(part0,part1,...) join path
  components (using proper separator for the OS)
- os.path.exists(name) True if name exists
- os.path.isfile(name) True if name is a file
- os.path.isdir(name) True if name is a directory

## **GOODIES SKIPPED FOR NOW**

os.path.dirname - All but the last component of a path (i.e. the directory part, if the path includes a filename)

e.g. On Windows,os.path.dirname("C:\\Users\\dd\\out.txt") returns"C:\\Users\\dd"

os.path.basename - The last component of a path (i.e. the filename part, if the path includes one)

e.g. On Windows,os.path.dirname("C:\\Users\\dd\\out.txt") returns"out.txt"

Let's write our own mini-terminal

#### REFERENCES

- os module documentation
- In Downey:
  - Section 14.4 discusses some of the features of the os module

#### **REVISION HISTORY**

• 2021-10-05 Initial publication

