# LECTURE 27 RECURSION

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#### REMINDERS

- Work on Project 3 ASAP. Do not delay!
- Quiz 9 due today at 6pm Central

#### OOP LOOSE END: PROTOCOLS

We implemented the sequence protocol last time. There are others.

- Iterator creates an iterable
- Mapping creates a dict-like type

Still more can be found in the collections.abc module, which contains classes you can subclass when implementing the protocols.

## RECURSION

A function in Python can call *itself*. This can be useful, for example if the result of the function at one argument is easy to obtain from the result at another argument.

This technique is called **recursion**. A function which uses it is a **recursive function**.

## **FACTORIAL**

The classic example of recursion (being easiest to understand) is the computation of factorials:

$$n! = n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times \cdots \times 1$$

e.g. 
$$5! = 5 imes 4 imes 3 imes 2 imes 1 = 120$$

Critical observation:  $n! = n \times (n-1)!$ 

## RECURSIVE FACTORIAL

Let's build a function fact (n) that uses  $n! = n \times (n-1)!$  as the basis of its operation.

## CALL STACK

Python keeps track of all the function calls that are underway in a stack. Items on the stack indicate where the call originated.

- Calling a function *pushes* an item on the stack.
- Returning pops an item form the stack.
- There is a maximum allowed stack size. Exceeding it is a **stack overflow**.

If push is list.append and pop is list.pop:

```
call_stack == [
]
```

If push is list.append and pop is list.pop:

```
call_stack == [
]
```

#### RECURSIVE DELETE

How can we make a function delete(fn) that will delete fn if it is a file, or which will remove all files and directories inside fn and then remove fn itself if it is a directory?

## RECURSION PROS AND CONS

Often can solve a problem with recursion or with loops (an **iterative** solution). Why use recursion?

Pros:

Unclear:

Cons:

Short code

Speed

Uses more memory

Clear code

#### REFERENCES

- In *Downey*:
  - Sections 5.8 to 5.10 discuss recursion

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#### **REVISION HISTORY**

2020-10-24 Initial publication