

## Homework 9

Due Friday, November 6 at 1:00pm

Instructions:

- To receive full credit, a solution must be clear, concise, and correct.
- Problems marked with \* are *extra credit problems* and these are *optional*.
- If a problem asks a question with a “yes” or “no” answer, you must provide a proof of whatever answer you give.

(—) From the textbook: 31.7, 31.9, 32.1, 32.9

(P1) \* Let  $\mathcal{T}$  denote the smallest topology on  $\mathbb{Z}$  in which every arithmetic progression is an open set. (Recall an arithmetic progression is a set of the form  $\{ak + b \mid k \in \mathbb{Z}\}$  where  $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $a \neq 0$ .)

- (a) Show that every arithmetic progression is a clopen set with respect to  $\mathcal{T}$ .
- (b) Show that all of the nonempty open sets in  $\mathcal{T}$  are infinite.
- (c) Let  $P = \{2, 3, 5, \dots\}$  be the set of prime numbers, and for each  $p \in P$  let  $D_p$  denote the set of integers divisible by  $p$ . Show that

$$\bigcup_{p \in P} D_p = \mathbb{Z} \setminus \{-1, 1\}.$$

Conclude that there are infinitely many prime numbers, for otherwise  $\{-1, 1\}$  would be open, contradicting (b).