- (1) Let L be the line in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  containing the points P = (3, 0, 2) and Q = (1, 1, 4). Find a vector parameterization of L.
- (2) Let M be the line containing the origin and the point P, so the lines L and M intersect at P. Find the angle between the lines at that point.

(Actually, when two lines meet, there are two different angles, as shown below. You can find either one.)

